UNIVERSITY OF HONG KONG DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS MATH1853

Assignment 3 The Family of Bernoulli Related Probability Distributions Due Date: 21 November 2014 (FRI) (17:00) Please submit your assignment to the assignment box (4/F, Run Run Shaw Building)

- 1. (a) Find the probability of having more girls than boys in a family of 6 children.(b) Find also the probability that among 5 families, each with 6 children, at least 3 of the families have more girls than boys.
- 2. An urn contains m white and n black balls (m, n > 0). Balls are randomly selected, one at a time, until a black one is obtained. If we assume that each selected ball is replaced before the next one is drawn, what is the probability that at least k draws are needed?
- 3. Let X be a Binomial random variable with parameters n and 0 . $(i) Find <math>E\left(\frac{1}{1+X}\right)$.

(ii) Show that
$$\lim_{n \to \infty} E(1+X) \cdot E\left(\frac{1}{1+X}\right) = 1.$$

4. Show that if X is a Poisson random variable with mean 1, then we have

$$E(X^n) = E((X+1)^{n-1}).$$

Use this result to compute Var(3X + 1) and $E(X^4)$.

5. The daily demand X of certain product is known to follow the following probability function:

$$P(x) = \begin{cases} (1-p)p^x & \text{for } x = 0, 1, 2, \cdots, \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

where 0 .

(a) Find the conditional probability that the demand is m + n given that we know the demand is no less than m, i.e.,

$$P(X = m + n | X \ge m) \text{ where } m, n \in \mathbb{N}.$$

(b) Establish a relationship between the conditional probability

$$P(X = m + n | X \ge m)$$

and the probability P(X = n). Comment on the relationship you obtained.

1

6. Suppose the number of accidents X follows the following probability distribution

$$P(X = i) = K \cdot \frac{2^{i}}{i!}, \quad i = 0, 1, 2, \cdots,$$

where K is a positive constant. Find K and the probability of having three or more accidents.

2